

POWER TRANSMISSION
FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS



# PEX

The flexible Pex couplings are claw couplings with flexible elements to provide a torsionally flexible connection of shafts. The flexible elements excel in their wear resistance, ageing resistance and their temperature resistance from -30°C to +80°C. Thanks to their flexibility, impacts, rotary vibrations and noises are effectively absorbed. The flexible elements are dimensioned such that radial, axial and angular movements between the two halves of the coupling are cancelled out. The flexible Pex couplings are of the plug-in type for installation and do not involve any particularly rigorous requirements with respect to alignment accuracy. Pex couplings can be used in the whole of machine construction wherever a reliable shaft connection is needed between motor and working machine.

### TYPE A

The Pex type A coupling is manufactured in three-piece design. With this design it is possible to install packages without axial displacement of the drive engine or working machine.



#### TYPE B

The Pex type B coupling is fail-safe up to the fracture moment of the cast iron transmission cam and this provides maximum operational safety. The flexible elements can be supplied with hardness 80° Shore A. With the fixed position of the flexible elements its deformability in axial direction is free, and so no damaging axial forces can act on the machine bearing even with alternating torque.

#### WEAR INDICATOR

The wear indicator for Pex couplings enables the condition of the flexible elements to be easily assessed. The wear condition can also be ascertained with the aid of a stroboscope while the coupling is rotating. The production process can thus continue undisturbed. The wear indicatior must be attached to the outside diameter of the coupling after the coupling has been fitted.

### **SELECTION**

The torque of the machine  $T_{AN}$  is determined by:  $T_{AN}$  [Nm] = 9550 x  $\frac{P_{Motor}$  [kW] n [rpm]

This torque  $T_{AN}$  multiplied by a safety factor S depending on the application and the temperature factor  $S_T$  (see table page 5) gives the required nominal coupling torque  $T_{KN}$ .

Result:  $T_{KN} \ge S \times S_T \times T_{AN}$ 

## **PEX – TYPE A**





Materials: Coupling half EN-GJL-250
 Flexible elements NBR 80° Shore A

Citto	Nominal Max. torque rotation speed		x. Pre. tion bore ed .		Pre. Mo bore bo		Max. bore		n	п	11 12	וח	Π2	13	14	ς	Weight <sup>1)</sup> kg			Moments of inertia <sup>1)</sup>	Max. shaft misalignment at rotational speed n= 1500 rpm <sup>2)</sup>	
JIZC	Nm	rpm	d1	d2	d1	d2			12	וש	DZ	LJ		5	part 1	part 2	part 3	kgm²	axial △ K <sub>a</sub> mm	radial △ K <sub>r</sub> mm	angular	
110	160	5300	17	12	48	38	110	40	40	86	62	20	34	3	1.95	1.38	1.97	0.003	0.2	0.2	0.1	
125	240	5100	18	15	55	45	125	50	50	100	75	23	36	3	3.05	2.42	1.97	0.005	0.25	0.25	0.1	
140	360	4900	20	17	60	50	140	55	55	100	82	28	34	3	3.65	3.04	2.5	0.008	0.25	0.25	0.1	
160	560	4250	25	20	65	58	160	60	60	108	95	28	39	4	5.05	4.19	3.49	0.014	0.3	0.3	0.1	
180	880	3800	25	20	75	65	180	70	70	125	108	30	42	4	7.8	5.94	4.41	0.025	0.3	0.3	0.1	
200	1340	3400	30	25	85	75	200	80	80	140	122	32	47	4	11	8.61	6.02	0.04	0.3	0.3	0.09	
225	2000	3000	35	30	90	85	225	90	90	150	136	38	52	4	15	12.06	8.93	0.08	0.35	0.35	0.09	
250	2800	2750	45	45	100	95	250	100	100	165	155	42	60	6	19.5	17.41	11.7	0.13	0.35	0.35	0.08	

1) The information concerning weights and moments of inertia apply for medium holes.

2) The values mentioned are valid for n = 1500 rpm and may occur only separately. At multiple misalignments or higher speeds the values must be reduced.

### **PEX – TYPE B**





Materials: Coupling half EN-GJL-250
 Flexible elements NBR 80° Shore A

#### **TYPE B**

Size	Nominal torque Nm	Max. rotation speed rpm	Pr bo d1	re. ore d2	M bi d1	ax. pre d2	D	u	L2	DI	D2	L3	L4	S	Weių k part 1	ght <sup>1)</sup> g part 4	Moments of inertia <sup>1)</sup> kgm <sup>2</sup>	Max. : at i axial A K	shaft misaligi rotational spe = 1500 rpm radial K	angular
																		mm		
58	19	7500	-	-	19	24	58	20	20	-	40	8	20	3	0.24	0.28	0.0001	0.2	0.2	0.15
68	34	7000	-	-	24	28	68	20	20	_	50	8	20	3	0.32	0.45	0.0002	0.2	0.2	0.15
80	60	6000	12	12	30	38	80	30	30	_	68	10	30	3	0.75	0.94	0.0006	0.2	0.2	0.12
95	100	5500	12	12	42	42	95	35	35	76	76	12	30	3	1.3	1.55	0.0013	0.2	0.2	0.12
110	160	5300	17	17	48	48	110	40	40	86	86	14	34	3	1.95	2.25	0.003	0.2	0.2	0.1
125	240	5100	18	18	55	55	125	50	50	100	100	18	36	3	3.05	3.6	0.006	0.25	0.25	0.1
140	360	4900	20	20	60	60	140	55	55	100	100	20	34	3	3.65	4.5	0.007	0.25	0.25	0.1
160	560	4250	25	25	65	65	160	60	60	108	108	20	39	4	5.05	5.95	0.01	0.3	0.3	0.1
180	880	3800	25	25	75	75	180	70	70	125	125	20	42	4	7.8	8.5	0.02	0.3	0.3	0.1
200	1340	3400	30	30	85	85	200	80	80	140	140	24	47	4	11	12.4	0.04	0.3	0.3	0.09
225	2000	3000	35	35	90	90	225	90	90	150	150	18	52	4	15	15.5	0.07	0.35	0.35	0.09
250	2800	2750	45	45	100	100	250	100	100	165	165	18	60	6	19.5	19.5	0.12	0.35	0.35	0.08

1) The information concerning weights and moments of inertia apply for medium holes.

2) The values mentioned are valid for n = 1500 rpm and may occur only separately. At multiple misalignments or higher speeds the values must be reduced.

### **SAFETY FACTOR S**

	Assignment of lo	ad ch	aracteristics according to type o	of wo	rking machine
	DREDGERS		RUBBER MACHINERY		PUMPS
S	Bucket conveyor	S	Extruders	S	Piston pumps
S	Landing gear (caterpillar)	Ň	Calenders	Ğ	Centrifugal pumps (light liquids)
M	Landing gear (rail)	S	Kneading mills	M	Centrifugal pumps (viscous liquids)
M	Manoeuvring winches	M	Mixers	S	Plunger pumps
M	Pumps	S	Rolling mills	S	Press pumps
S		-			
S	Cutter heads		WOOD WORKING MACHINES		STONE AND CLAY
M	Slewing gear	S	Barkers		WORKING MACHINES
		Μ	Planing machines	S	Crusher
	GENERATORS, TRANSFORMERS	G	Wood working machines	S	Rotary ovens
M	Frequency transformers	S	Saw frames	S	Hammer mills
M	Generators			S	Ball mills
M	Welding generators		CRANES	S	Tube mills
		G	Luffing gear block	S	Beater mills
		5	Iravelling gear	5	Brick presses
	Cooling drums	G	Hoist gear		
G	Mixers	M	Slewing gear		TEXTILE MACHINES
M	Agilators (ilquia material)	M	Demoking lib gear		Printing and duoing machines
M	Agilators (semi-liquid material)			M	Tanning and ayeing machines
G	Centrifuges (light)	M	Extruders	M	Willows
M	Centrifuges (hernor)	M	Calenders	M	looms
	Centrioges (neuvy)	M	Mixers	m	
	OIL INDUSTRY	M	Crushers		COMPRESSORS
M	Pipeline pumps			S	Piston compressors
S	Rotary drilling equipment		METAL WORKING MACHINES	M	Turbo compressors
	5 - 1 - 1	Μ	Plate bending machines		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	CONVEYORS	S	Plate straightening machines		METAL ROLLING MILLS
M	Pit-head winches	S	Hammers	S	Plate shears
S	Winding engines	S	Metal planning machines	M	Manipulator for turning sheets
Μ	Jointed-band conveyors	S	Presses	S	Ingot pushers
G	Belt conveyors (bulk material)	Μ	Shears	S	Ingot and slabbing-mill train
M	Belt conveyors (piece goods)	S	Forging presses	S	Ingot handling machinery
M	Band pocket conveyors	S	Punch presses	M	Wire drawing benches
M	Chain conveyors	G	Countershatts, line shatts	5	Descaling machines
	Circular conveyors	M	Machine fools (main drives)	5	Ihin plate mills
G	Lodd elevators	G	Machine tools (auxiliary arives)	3	Heavy and mealum plate mills
M	Ducker conveyors for flour			S N	Cold rolling machines (strip and wire)
M	Plate conveyors	G	Bottling and container filling machines	M	Cold rolling mills Chain tractor
M	Screw conveyors	м	Kneading machines	s	Billet shears
M	Ballast elevators	M	Mash tubs	M	Cooling beds
S	Inclined hoists	G	Packaging machines	M	Cross tractor
M	Steel belt conveyors	M	Cane crushers	M	Roller tables (light)
Μ	Drag chain conveyors	Μ	Cane cutters	S	Roller tables (heavy)
		S	Cane mills	Μ	Roller straighteners
	BLOWERS, VENTILATORS	Μ	Sugar beet cutters	S	Tube welding machines
Μ	Rotary piston blowers	Μ	Sugar beet washing machines	Μ	Trimming shears
G	Blowers (axial/radial)			S	Cropping shears
M	Cooling tower fans		PAPER MACHINES	S	Continuous casting plant
M	Induced draught tans	S	Couches	M	Rollers adjustment drive
G	lurbo blowers	S	Glazing cylinders	S	Manipulators
		M	Pulper Dula animalant		
s	BUILDING MACHINERT	5	ruip grinders		LAUNDRIES
G	Concrete mixers	S N	Wet prosses	M	Washing machines
S	Road construction machinery	S	Willows	M	washing machines
	Rodu consilication machinery	S	Suction presses		WATER TREATMENT
		S	Suction rolls	M	Aerotors
		S	Drying cylinders	M	Screw pumps
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		P. P.

Operating factor S								
Deixing and bings	Load characteristics of the working machine							
Driving machines	G	м	S					
Electric motors, turbines, hydraulic motors	1	1.25	1.75					
Piston machines 4–6 cylinders	1.25	1.5	2					
Piston machines 1–3 cylinders	1.5	2	2.5					

Temperature factor S <sub>T</sub>							
θ [°C]	S <sub>T</sub>						
$-20 < \vartheta < +30$	1.0						
$+30 < \vartheta < +40$	1.2						
$+40 < \vartheta < +60$	1.5						
$+60 < \vartheta < +80$	1.8						

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