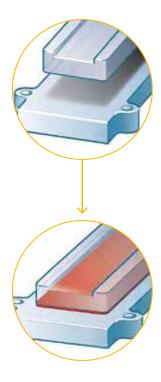
Structural Bonding

For Demanding Requirements



Why use a Henkel adhesive for structural bonding?

The Henkel range of structural bonding products offers a wide choice of solutions to meet the different requirements and conditions that apply to industrial design and construction.

Bonding

Adhesive bonding is a process in which two similar or dissimilar materials are solidly and permanently assembled using an adhesive.

Adhesives build "bridges" between the surfaces of substrates to be joined.

To achieve the optimal bonding result, the following prerequisites must be met:

- · Compatibility of the adhesive with the materials to be bonded
- · Compatibility of the adhesive with the specified requirements
- · Correct application of the adhesive

Advantages of bonding compared to conventional joining methods

More uniform stress distribution over the entire bond face

This has a very positive effect on the static and dynamic strength achieved. Where welding and riveting result in localised stress peaks, adhesive bonding achieves uniform distribution and absorption of stress loads.

No change in surface and structure of the joined materials

Welding temperatures may change the structure and therefore the mechanical properties of materials. In addition, welding, riveting and bolting all affect the visual appearance of the parts.

Weight saving

Adhesives are particularly popular for light-weight constructions, where thin-walled parts (wall thickness < 0.5mm) must be joined.

Sealed ioints

Adhesives also act as sealants, preventing loss of pressure or liquids, blocking the penetration of condensation water and protecting against corrosion.

Joining dissimilar materials and reducing the risk of corrosion

The adhesive forms an insulating film to prevent contact corrosion when different types of metals are joined. It also acts as an electrical and thermal insulator.

Surface preparation

The following key points should be observed for the design of bonded joints:

- The surfaces to be joined should be as large as possible for maximum load transmission capability
- Forces acting on the joint should be distributed across the entire bond line

Joint designs suitable for adhesive bonding

All designs involving a shear, tensile or compressive load e.g. single and double lap joint, single and double cover plate, tapered overlap and double overlapping.

Joint designs unfavourable for adhesive bonding

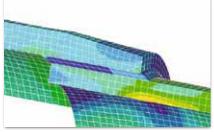
Butt joint, cleavage loading and peel loading.

Rigid bonding

Rigid adhesives are mainly used for high load transmission to replace common mechanical joining methods. Two parts bonded with such an adhesive could be considered as structurally linked. Mechanical characteristics like high strength, high modulus and high adhesion have proven to be effective for customer applications, particularly in demanding industries like aerospace and automotive.

Rigid bonding offers significant benefits for users:

- Simplifies construction by increasing strength/rigidity for load transmission
- Prevents material fatigue and failure by achieving uniform transmission of loads (stress distribution) and by maintaining structural integrity (no thermal or mechanical weakening of parts)
- Saves production costs by replacing conventional mechanical fasteners (screws, rivets or welding)
- Saves material cost and saves weight by reducing material thickness while maintaining load transmission characteristics
- Allows the most varied substrate combinations, e.g. metal/plastics, metal/glass, metal/wood etc



Stress analysis of bonded pipe joint

Available technologies

Epoxies

- · Rigid bonding
- 1K or 2K solutions
- · Capability to fill large gap
- Very high strength
- For small to medium surface areas
- Very good chemical resistance

Acrylics

- · Rigid to slightly flexible bonding
- 1K or 2K solutions
- For small surface areas
- Very high strength
- · Good chemical resistance

Polyurethanes

- · Slightly flexible bonding
- 2K solution
- · Capability to fill large gaps
- High strength
- For medium to large surface areas
- · Good chemical resistance

Structural Bonding – Polyurethanes

Product Table

| | La | ng | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Gap variatio | on tolerance | |
| | 1 | к | 2K |
| | General purpose | Fast curing | General purpose |
| Solution | LOCTITE UR 7221 | LOCTITE UR 7228 | LOCTITE UK 8103 |
| | | | |
| Technology | 1K PU | 1K PU | 2K PU |
| Viscosity | 5,500 – 10,500 mPa·s | 5,500 - 10,500 mPa·s | 8,000 – 10,000 mPa·s |
| Initial strength | 2 – 4 hr | 10 – 15 min. | 5 – 8 hr |
| Working life at 20°C | - | - | 40 – 70 min. |
| Tensile shear strength | > 6 N/mm² | > 6 N/mm² | > 6 N/mm² |
| Service temperature range (short exposure) | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | -40°C to +80 (+120)°C |
| Pack sizes | 11lb kit | 1kg, 30kg | 250kg |
| Handy Hints LOCTITE SF 8040 is used for cleaning tanks, pumps, hoses and mixing heads of metering equipment LOCTITE SF 7515 can be used to increase ageing resistant of polyurethane adhesives on metals in humid conditions. For further information please refer to the TDS. Refill working packs into new buckets to prevent applying unmixed adhesive from the bottom of the working pack | LOCTITE UR 7221 Long open time Multi-purpose Foaming IMO approval A 1K PU adhesive which cures with humidity from the air or fine water spray to bond PVC and PU rigid foams to lacquered or (epoxy primer) coated metal sheets. Good ratio of open time to press time. | Short fixture time Foaming IMO approval A 1K PU adhesive which cures with humidity from the air or fine water spray to bond PVC and PU rigid foams to lacquered or (epoxy primer) coated metal sheets. Very fast application for panel bonding. | LOCTITE UK 8103 • Multi-purpose • Different acceleration levels available • Good flow properties • IMO approval A general purpose 2K PU adhesive, easy to spread over large surface areas for bonding coated metals and PU foams, especially in the shipbuilding industry. |

Structural bonding Gap filling 2K 1K Low temperature **Good adhesion to Primerless adhesion Elastic bonding High strength** resistance plastics **TEROSON** LOCTITE **LOCTITE** LOCTITE LOCTITE **UK 8202 PU 8597 HMLC UK 8326 B30** UK 1366 B10 UK 1351 B25 (Henkel 1K PU 2K PU 2K PU 2K PU 2K PU 250,000 - 310,000 mPa·s 8.000 - 10.000 mPa·s Pasty 400,000 - 500,000 mPa·s 400,000 - 500,000 mPa·s 8 - 10 hr 1 h/4 hr* 3 - 4 hr1 - 2 hr40 - 60 min.80 - 120 min. 7 – 13 min. 20 - 30 min.25 - 35 min.> 12 N/mm² > 5 N/mm² at 5 mm layer > 12 N/mm² > 10 N/mm² > 20 N/mm² -190°C to +80 (+150)°C -40°C to +90 (+120)°C -40°C to +80 (+150)°C -40°C to +80 (+100)°C -40°C to +120 (+150)°C 310ml cartridge, 415ml twin cartridge, 24kg pail 3.6kg combi pack 400ml twin cartridge 400ml foil, 570ml foil, set 25kg **LOCTITE UK 8202 TEROSON PU 8597 LOCTITE UK 8326 B30 LOCTITE UK 1366 B10 LOCTITE UK 1351 B25** · Good flexibility at low **HMLC** · Primerless metal · Short fixture time · GL approved temperatures · High modulus adhesion · Good adhesion to · High strength · High strength · Low conductivity · Good ageing stability plastics and metal · No tempering required A low viscous 2K PU Elastic Sag resistant Shock absorbent A cartridge grade 2K PU adhesive suitable for the A sag resistant 2K PU Stress compensation A multi purpose, sag adhesive with high construction of panels adhesive which is resistant cartridge grade strength and stiffness An elastic 1K PU for LNG/LPG tankers suitable for vertical 2K PU adhesive with and good compressive adhesive which cures complying with the application combining by moisture from the air. a very good extrusion strength. It is certified by regulations of American Used for direct glazing in primerless metal rate and outstanding Germanischer Lloyd for Bureau of Shipping adhesion with good adhesion to metals bonding in wind power automotive industry and (ABS). elastic and shock and plastics. Slightly applications. in joints where tension elastic for good shock absorption properties for should be leveraged by use in trailer production. absorption. the adhesive (elastic bonding).

Structural Bonding – Polyurethanes

Product List (2K)

| Product | Technology | Viscosity | Mix ratio by weight | Working life at 20°C | Initial strength | Tensile strength | |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--|
| LOCTITE UK 1351 B25 | | 400,000 − 500,000 mPa·s | 2:1 vol. | 20 – 30 min. | 1 – 2 hr | > 20 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 1366 B10 | | 400,000 − 500,000 mPa·s | 4:1 vol. | 7 – 13 min. | 40 – 60 min. | > 10 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8101* | | Liquid | 4:1 | 50 – 70 min. | 5 – 8 hr | > 9 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8103* | | 8,000 – 10,000 mPa·s | 5:1 | 40 – 70 min. | 5 – 8 hr | > 6 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8126* | | 300 – 900 mPa∙s | 100:65 | 45 – 70 min. | _ | > 15 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8160* | 2K PU | Pasty | 5:1 | 60 – 90 min. | 5 – 8 hr | > 7 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8202* | | 8,000 - 10,000 mPa·s | 4:1 | 80 – 120 min. | 8 – 10 hr | > 12 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8303 B60* | | 200,000 − 300,000 mPa·s | 6:1 | 60 – 75 min. | 4 – 5 hr | > 12 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8306 B60* | | 250,000 − 310,000 mPa·s | 5:1 | 55 — 65 min. | 4 – 5 hr | > 12 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8309* | | 850,000 mPa∙s | 5:1 | 40 – 60 min. | 3.5 – 4 hr | > 9 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8326 B30* | | 250,000 − 310,000 mPa·s | 5:1 | 25 – 35 min. | 3 – 4 hr | > 12 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UK 8436* | | 500 – 900 mPa∙s | 2:1 | 90 – 130 sec | 50 – 60 min. | - | |
| LOCTITE UK 8445 B1 W* | | Liquid | 100:22 | 70 – 74 sec | - | > 6 N/mm² | |
| TEROSON PU 6700 | | Pasty | 1:1 vol. | 10 min. | 30 min. | > 12 N/mm² | |
| TEROSON PU 8630 2K HMLC | | Pasty | 100:0.3 vol. | 25 min. | 2 hr*** | > 4 N/mm² at 5 mm layer | |
| TEROSON PU 9225 SF ME | | Pasty | 1:1 vol. | ~150 sec | 6 min | 13 N/mm² | |

| Consumption per m² | Service temperature range (short exposure) | Pack sizes | Comments |
|--------------------|--|---|---|
| - | -40°C to +120 (+150)°C | 400ml twin cartridge | Pasty/sag resistant, high strength, high compressive strength, no tempering necessary, GL approved as Duromeric Adhesive according to Rules for Classification and Construction, II, Part 2 |
| - | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | 415ml twin cartridge, 25kg | Pasty/sag resistant, short fixture time, cartridge grade, good adhesion to plastics and metal, shock absorbent |
| 200 – 400g | -40°C to +80 (+120)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Low viscosity |
| 200 – 400g | -40°C to +80 (+120)°C | 250kg drum | Low viscosity, multi-purpose, different acceleration levels available, good flow properties, IMO approval for shipbuilding (wheel mark, low spread of flame) |
| _ | -40°C to +80 (+150)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Low viscosity, good penetration properties for laminates e.g. in the ski and snowboard industry |
| 200 – 500g | -190°C to +80 (+150)°C | 3.6kg combi pack**, | Very pasty, IMO approval for shipbuilding (wheel mark, low spread of flame) |
| 200 – 400g | -190°C to +80 (+150)°C | 24kg pail | Liquid, good flexibility at low temperatures, high strength, ABS type approval (shipbuilding), Bureau Veritas (type approval liquefied Gas Tanks) |
| 200 – 500g | -40°C to +80 (+150)°C | 24kg pail, 300kg drum | Multi purpose, pasty/sag resistant, DIN 4102 B1, IMO approval for shipbuilding (wheel mark, low spread of flame) |
| 200 – 500g | -40°C to +80 (+150)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Pasty/sag resistant, high strength and good elasticity, different working life versions available |
| 200 – 500g | -40°C to +80 (+150)°C | 30kg pail | Pasty/sag resistant, good workability, used for truck body assembly |
| 200 – 500g | -40°C to +80 (+150)°C | 3.6kg combi pack** | Pasty/sag resistant, primerless metal adhesion, good ageing stability |
| _ | -40°C to +80 (+120)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Good adhesion properties and excellent flowability |
| - | -40°C to +80 (+150)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Liquid, fast setting for top lid bonding |
| - | -40°C to +80 (+140)°C | 50ml (2 x 25ml) cartridge, 250ml (2 x 125ml) cartridge, 620ml (2 x 310ml) cartridge | Easy to use |
| _ | -40°C to +90 (+120)°C | 310ml cartridge | Warm applied, high modulus, low conductivity, 2K material, 2 hours drive away time acc. to European standard |
| - | -40°C to +80 (+140)°C | 50ml (2 x 25ml) cartridge | Developed for plastic repairs |

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Combi packs include hardener component LOCTITE UK 5400 *** Drive away time

Structural Bonding – Polyurethanes

Product List (1K)

| Product | Technology | Viscosity | Open time at 23°C, 50% RH | Initial strength | Curing time | Tensile shear strength | |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
| LOCTITE UR 7220 | | 5,500 − 10,500 mPa·s | 4 – 6 hr | 6 – 10 hr | 3 days | > 6 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UR 7221 | 1K PU | 5,500 — 10,500 mPa·s | 40 – 60 min. | 2 – 4 hr | 2 days | > 6 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UR 7225 | | 5,500 − 10,500 mPa·s | 20 – 25 min. | 50 – 70 min. | 1 day | > 6 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UR 7228 | | 5,500 — 10,500 mPa⋅s | 7 – 9 min. | 10 – 15 min. | 1 day | > 6 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UR 7388 | | 3.000 − 5.000 mPa·s | 7 – 9 min. | 10 – 15 min. | 1 day | > 6 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UR 7396 | | 2,000 − 4,000 mPa·s | 25 – 35 min. | 60 – 90 min. | 1 day | > 7 N/mm² | |
| LOCTITE UR 7398 | | 3,000 − 6,000 mPa·s | 5 – 7 min. | 7.5 – 9.5 min. | 5 – 7 days | > 4 N/mm² | |
| TEROSON PU 8596 | | Pasty | 25 min. | 6 hr* | 5 – 7 days | > 5 N/mm² with 5 mm layer | |
| TEROSON PU 8597 HMLC | | Pasty | 20 min. | 1 hr / 4 hr* | 5 – 7 days | > 5 N/mm² with 5 mm layer | |
| TEROSON PU 8599 HMLC | | Pasty | 15 min. | 15 min.* | 5 – 7 days | > 4 N/mm² with 5 mm layer | |
| TEROSON PU 9097 PL HMLC | | Pasty | 25 min. | 1 hr* | 5 – 7 days | > 5 N/mm² with 5 mm layer | |

Cleaner

LOCTITE SF 8040 (viscosity -3 mPa·s) in 30kg pack. Rinsing and cleaning agent for 1K and 2K polyurethane adhesives / high dissolving capacity / low evaporation rate.

For further information, please refer to the TDS and MSDS.

| Consumption per m ² | Service temperature range (short exposure) | Pack sizes | Comments |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 100 – 200g | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Very long open time for large panel applications, foaming |
| 100 – 200g | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | 11 lb | Long open time, foaming, IMO approval for shipbuilding (wheel mark, low spread of flame) |
| 100 – 200g | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | 1,000kg container | Medium open time, foaming, IMO approval for shipbuilding (wheel mark, low spread of flame) |
| 100 – 200g | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | 1kg, 30kg jerry can | Short fixture time, foaming, IMO approval for shipbuilding (wheel mark, low spread of flame) |
| 100 – 200g | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | 1,000 kg container | Low viscosity, fast setting |
| 100 – 200g | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Low viscosity, thermally accelerated, medium open time |
| 120 – 150g | -40°C to +80 (+100)°C | Not available in the U.K. | Low viscosity, thermally accelerated, IMO approval for shipbuilding (wheel mark, low spread of flame) |
| - | -40°C to +90 (+120)°C | 310ml cartridge, set | 6 hours drive away time acc. to FMVSS |
| - | -40°C to +90 (+120)°C | 310ml cartridge, 400ml foil, 570ml foil, set | High modulus, low conductivity, 4 hours drive away time acc. to European standard (frontal crash test at 64 km/h with 40% overlap) |
| - | -40°C to +90 (+120)°C | 310ml cartridge, 400ml, set | Warm applied, high modulus, low conductivity, 15 minutes drive away time acc. to FMVSS |
| _ | -40°C to +90 (+120)°C | 310ml cartridge, set | Primerless adhesion, high modulus, low conductivity, 1 hour drive away time acc. to FMVSS |

